NO OFFICIAL REPORT, BUT AN UNDOUBTED INCREASE IN THE NUMBER OF NEW CASES.

CONFERRING WITH THE SURGEON-GENERAL AT CAMP PERRY-A TRAIN TO NASHVILLE OFFERED-THE AUXILIARY CON-

MITTEE IN SESSION. Jacksonville, Fla., Sept. 4 (Special).-No official report was given out to-night up to 10 o'clock, Dr. Neal Mitchell being called off to see his patients and thus being unable to make it up. There are probably a larger number of new cases than yesterday. The following are the only names given out up to 10:30 p. m.: P. Tischler, Louis R Hernandez, A. J. Hendrick, Mrs. Orell, George Crawford, Lyman Andreau, J. E. Ol-ney (colored), Mrs. Corwin, Mrs. H. Platte, Herman Platte, jr., Mrs. Charles Williams, Ray Cone, Mrs. M. E. Reed, Judge William Long. Mrs. Long and Charlie Long. Mrs. V. D. L. Mudge, Rosa Williams (colored) Roger Vaughn, S. B. Lane. the Misses Amelia anr Mary Cameron, H. E. Neill, Miss Rogers, J. Grimley, James Rogers (colored), Patrick Ryley, B. Simmons (colored), Charles Writes, Mrs. Tubesson, Miss Washington, Mrs. Weston, Dr. J. D. Fernandez-33.

"Twenty-six new cases and one death up to 2 o'clock," was the report that set people thinking fleeply again to-day. Last week's execrable weather is getting in its returns, and the prospects are good for a steady daily crop of new cases for

some time to come. The news that Atlanta has in a measure closed her doors to Jacksonville acted as a dampener upon the spirits of many, as these special Government trains were counted upon for next week to take off others.

There is no doubt that the only thing to do in order to stop the fever is to depopulate the city; for as it is now it is simply running its race and cannot be checked. While it is still of a very mild type, yet the extremely unfavorable weather may have the effect of making it malignant. This is what the Association Committee fear, and they are anxious for all to leave the city who can.

ine Tuneral of Captain J. H. McGinnis was largely attended this noon. It was certainly a tribute to his memory to see the living stop in the midst of an epidemic to pay their respects to

The Sand Hills Hospital is to be enlarged by snother ward, twenty four by sixty. The addition is sadly needed, for this place is crowded. It seems to be the favorite for all taken sick, as it is in the pine woods and is on a high knoll. Dr. Sollace Mitchell has achieved signal success in its management, and the death-rate has been small.

Among to-day's cases is that of P. Tischler, who returned from New-York last week, it is said, expressly to fight the fever. All the cases at the hospitals were doing well at noon. East Jackson-ville seems to have had nearly all the new cases yesterday and to-day.

The Auxiliary Association meeting this noon was well attended. Chairman Schumacher, of the finance committee, reported contributions of

A communication from John N. Webb, of Birmingham, Ala., in regard to his electrical theory for stamping out yellow fever, was read, and Chairman McMurray was asked to ascertain and report what the Board of Health has done in the matter. Mr. McMurray stated that he knew of several instances where it was nearly impossible to secure the services of competent physicians, nurses and druggists, and he offered the following resolution:

Resolved. That it is the sense of this committee that it is time to avail themselves of responsible experienced physicians, nurses and druggists, who have offered their services, inasmuch as we understand there is difficulty in obtaining such help.

By Mr. Schumacher:

Resolved. That it is the sense of the committee that
the good health of the city is endangered by the presence
of crowds of idle men in Bay and other streets; and the Board of Health is requested, in conjunction with the city authorities, to take necessary action to remedy the

The following was received from the agent of the Florida Railway and Navigation Company I have the honor to inform you that our company will transport passengers and their baggage (without fundgarnished with water and ice, provided fifteen or more purchase through tickets and agree to remain in coache as stated. Please give me twenty four hours' notice.

Many other matters were then dealt with, such as providing nourishing food for the sick-not only for the poor but for others who would pay:

only for the poor but for others who would pay; and the relief committee were asked to take action in the matter.

Mr. Macquaid announced that he had appointed a Chief of Burcau of Census, with proper help, to make a house-to-house inspection to ascertain the number of persons here and their especial wants. Acting-Mayor Grover P. Macquaid, J. M. Shumacher, P. T. McMurray and Dr. Fairlie, of the committee, and Dr. Neal Mitchell, president of the Beard of Health, with others, left on a special train at 2:15 p. m., to-day, for Camp Perry, to meet the Surgeon-General. Colonel Haines and others, to arrange for transportation of the refugees.

THE THACKARA'S CREW IN THE HOSPITAL. Philadelphia, Sept. 4.-The Philadelphia schooner Adele Thackara, from Havana, with a cargo of sugar consigned to this port, is detained at the Delaware Breakwater by the United States authorities, having on board several cases of yellow fever. The news of the infected vessel's arrival at the Capes was first conveyed to the Government officials stationed at that point by the crew of the tug Argus late last evening. The latter had been cruising around outside of the Breakwater, and was halled by one of the crew of the Thackara, who told them that two of the sailors on board had died several days before from yellow fever and had been buried at sea, and that several others among the crew were sick with the fever. The Government officers immediately proceeded to the vessel and rendered medical aid to the sick, after which the Thackara was towed to the Government Quarantine

Thackara was lowed to the Government Quarantine Station, where the sick sailors were removed to the hospital.

The supposed yellow fever patient, Thomas F. McNerry, of Jacksonville, Fla., now in the Municipal Hospital in this city, continues to improve. Dr. Wessi, the physician in charge, said this afternoon:

"It will be but a short while before we can tell just what McNerry is suffering from."

DR. GRAY'S DISCOURAGING OPINION. Chicago, Sept. 4.-Dr. Gray, of Palatka, Fla., the surgeon for one of the Florida railroads, called at the Health Office to-day to get his baggage out of the fumigators' hands. He said that yellow fever would reach St. Augustine without doubt in a few days, and, in his opinion, it would spread throughout the entire South. He has no hopes of a cessation of the plague until frost comes in

AND ASONVILLE CAN GET PLENTY OF NURSES. Some of the orderlies at Bellevue Hospital have expressed their willingness to go to Jacksonville, provided they can better themselves. If satisfactory terms can their frunks and go at once. As yet, however, it is not known that their services will be required. President Thomas S. Brennan, of the Department of Charities and Correction, received the following letter pital on Blackweil's Island, who is spending his vacation at Asbury Park:

Mr. Brennan immediately informed the Jacksonville authorities of the offer. Mr. Burns is thoroughly com petent to serve in the plague-stricken district. He has served a long apprenticeship as nurse in the city's

MINERS AND MINE LABORERS IN CONVENTION. Indianapolis, Sept. 4 (Special).—The National Federation of Miners and Mine Laborers began its fourth annual session here this afternoon. Delegates were in attendance from Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Missourf, Illinois, Onio and Indiana. The official reports showed that the membership had grown during the last year and that the federation had been success ful in protecting miners along the lines designated in the purposes of the organization, its schedule of wages having been accepted throughout the mining regions. It has been decided to adopt a new scale of

wages at a meeting to be held in this city next Febwages at a meeting to be held in this city next recurst. Among the questions discussed to-day was the shortening of working days. A resolution to make eight hours a day's work was adopted, the pay to be regulated hereafter by the output of coal. A committee representing the Knights of Labor is here for the purpose of urging that the federation shall be merged with the Knights, but the terms offered will probably not be accepted. There is much strong feeling against the Knights. ng against the Knights.

BRITISH BARBARITY.

MR. GLADSTONE ARRAIGNS THE GOVERN-MENT AS PERSECUTORS OF THE IRISH.

AUSTRIA'S NOBLE EXAMPLE POINTED OUT-THE "GRAND OLD MAN" DECLARES FOR

WELSH HOME RULE. London, Sept. 4.-Mr. Gladstone, in a speech at Wrexham to-day, said that "The Times" had done him an unexampled compliment in auswering speech not yet delivered. He had no wish to interfere with the natural and legitimate performance of "The Times" in throwing dirt upon He remained strong in the opinion that the criticisms of a man's enemies were more useful than the cheers of friends.

He maintained the truth of his former statement that he had seen a political prisoner in Naples better treated than were imprisoned Irish members of Parliament. It had not been denied that some of the Parnellites had broken the law, but the framers and administrators of the law were more guilty than the Parnellite offenders. He would not say that imprisonment had killed Mr. Mandeville, yet he declared that Mandeville was used in a manner that disgraced the Irish Government, and any government in the world would be disgraced that did the like. While on the subject of the treatment of political offenders, he observed that it was seldom that he was able to speak with satisfaction of the policy of Austria, but he had learned with the greatest satisfaction that Austria had given liberal home rule to the Galician Poles, and in that respect she was far ahead of England.

Referring to Welsh sympathy with the Par nellites, he said that the people of Wales would not be losers by the present agitation. They would find that the Scotch, who were determined people, were with them when t re came a demand for the solution of Well questions That demand could not be made until the Irish question was disposed of.

In the afternoon Mr. Gladstone made a speech at the Welsh Eisteddfod. His remarks had no

ANGRY AT SALISBURY'S INTERFERENCE.

THE CANADIAN CABINET DISPLEASED WITH THE ACTION OF THE HOME GOVERNMEN Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 4.—The first meeting of the Cabinet since President Cleveland laid his Retaliation measure before Congress was held here yesterday after-The British Government sent a cable dispatch to Sir John Macdonald requesting him to furnish a full text of the extent and character of commercial relations which had existed between the United States and Canada since the confederation of British North American provinces; also a clear statement of remonstrances which had been made by the United States against Canada for alleged irregularities in according to United States citizens their rights conceded by the treaty, as well as a full explanation as to the probable effect on the Dominion if the proposed retaliation measures were carried out. This information was laid before the Cabinet yesterday. On the most trustworthy authority it is learned that in requesting this information Lord Salisbury enjoined the Dominion Government to exercise the utmost caution in every movement just now when an irregular step might strengthen the feeling of hostility which has raised toward the Dominion. Lord Salisbury has spoken pretty plainly to Sir John, and the attitude he has assumed was not very cordially received by mombers of the Government. The members of the Cabinet were by no means united in indorsing the remeilies which Sir John proposed. It is stated that a serious rupture in the Cabinet is not improbable over the interference of the home Government.

MR. GLADSTONE HISSED AT A LIBERAL MEETING. London, Sept. 4.-Mr. Gladstone went to Wrexham last night to address a meeting of Liberals. The meeting vas held in a public hall. After Mr. Gladstone had altogether a friendly one. When one portion of the gathering cheered him another portion hissed. This led to an uproar, and for a time the greatest confusion reigned. Mr. Gladstone stopped speaking and was not able to resume for fully five minutes. The trouble was due more to local jealousies than to opposition to Mr. Gladstone.

A NEW ITALIAN CONSUL FOR NEW-YORK. Rome, Sept. 4.-Signor Riva, Italian Consul at Galatz, replaces Signor Raffo as Consul at New-York, the latter being placed on the unattached list. Signor liainotti, now at St. Petersburg, replaces Signor Bertola at Chicago, the latter going to New-Orleans. Signor Squitta becomes Consul at Philadelphia.

A MICHIGAN CLERCYMAN BECOMES A FORGER. Guelph, Ont., Sept. 4 .- A warrant has been issued for the arrest of J. B. Allison, a Michigan clergyman who came here a few days ago, for forging his father's name to a note for a large sum. He obtained the money from schoolmate. Allison has fled, leaving his wife

THE MITCHELSTOWN RIOTS RECALLED. Dublin, Sept. 4.—The announcement having been made that a meeting would be held at Mitchelstown on sunday next on the anniversary of the Mitchelstown riots, the police have received orders to prohibit the

KALNOKY TO VISIT BISMARCK. Vienna, Sept. 4 .- Count Kalnoky, the Austrian Foreign Minister, will visit Prince Bismarck at Fried-richsruhe shortly.

WHERE IS BOULANGER, ANYWAY? Paris, Sept. 4 .- "La France" denies that General Boulanger has gone to Germany.

THE GOVERNOR OF INDO-CHINA DISMISSED. Paris, Sept. 4.-The French Government has disnissed M. Constans from the Governorship of Indohina in consequence of a speech made by him in the

TENANTS BRING SUIT FOR ILLEGAL EVICTIONS. Dublin, Sept. 4.—Seven evicted tenants have brought suit against the Vandeleur estate to recover their holdings on the ground that they were illegally elected

THE QUEENSLAND MINISTRY RESIGNS. London, Sept. 4.-The Queensland Ministry have

BROOKLYN'S POST OFFICE CONTRACT GIVEN UP. Washington, Sept. 4.-The Secretary of the Treasury day directed the forfeiture of the contract with E. F. Goebel, of Chicago, for the construction of the post-office building at Brooklyn, N. Y., and the forfeiture also of the \$1,000 which accompanied his bid. This act is based on the failure of the contractor to farnish security in the sum of \$100,000 for the performance of the work. He had until to-day to execute the bond, but instead of so doing, telegraphed from Mt. Clements, Mich., that he was not able to move with rheumatism, and therefore, could not execute

Mr. Goebel's bid for the work was \$623,000, being and thirty per cent less than the next lowest bidder. Secretary Fairchild said this afternoon that there were only two things left for him to do in the matter, either to advertise for bids or to give the work to the next lowest bidder under the original advertisement. He would decide which action to take in a few days.

TWO BODIES IN THE NIAGARA WHIRLPOOL. Niagara Falls, N. Y., Sept. 4.—Two bodies have been seen in the whiripool to-day. They are supposed to be those of William Robinson, a young man twenty-eight years old, and Harry B. Wilson, age about Robinson is a single man, and son of Thomas W. Robinson, of this village. Wilson came here from Buffalo last spring, and is married. Robinson's hat was found this morning near the whirlpool.

CONFIRMING THE DISCOVERY OF A NEW COMET. Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 4.-The camet discovered vesterday by Professor Barnard, of the Lick Observatory, California, was verified this morning at Warner ascension 6 hours 52 minutes and 3 seconds; declina-tion north 10 degrees 57 seconds. Its motion is ex-ceedingly slow, and nearly west. It is just visible through a three and one-half inch telescope, and has as tall.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN SAN DIEGO, CAL.

SEVERAL FIREMEN SAID TO HAVE BEEN KILLED -LOSS A QUARTER OF A MILLION. San Diego, Cal., Sept. 4.-The wholesale grocery and supply store of Klauben & Levi was entirely destroyed by fire this morning. Loss upon stock estimated at \$200,000, and upon building, \$45,000. The stock was insured for \$125,000, and the building for \$30,000. It is believed that several firemen are

THE DAMAGE WAS TO ENGINE AND FIREMEN. Gas Company, at the foot of West Forty-first-st., caught fire at 10 a. m. yesterday, and an alarm called As Engine No. 54 was on its way from West Forty-seventh-st., it was upset and ditched at Tenth-ave, and Forty-second-st. The accident was caused by the sliding of the hind wheels of the engine on the street-car tracks as the driver tried to turn the corner. Foreman James Gently and Firemen John Devenny and James Hulligan. who rele on the engine, were hurled to the street pavement and bruised severely. They were taken to their homes in private carriages. The engine was damaged so much as to be neeless for the time. No damage worth mention was caused by the fire on the dock.

FIRES IN TWO NEW-JERSEY TOWNS. Burlington, N. J., Sept. 4.—Early this morning a fire broke out in N. C. Price's lumber yard at this place, and in a short time the flames consumed a great quantity of cedar and walnut lumber. fire communicated to the Wilson House, at Marshall the steamboat landing. Both hotels and the sheds of the steamboat landing were totally destroyed. The flames also communicated to five two-story frame dwellings owned by Elwood E, Dorin, all of which were destroyed. A small ferry boat, plying between were destroyed. A small ferry boat, piging between Burlington and Bristol, owned by Mr. Dorin, and named after him, caught fire while moored at the steamboat landing and was partially destroyed. Frank Campbell and Edward S. Smith, of the Volunteer Fire Department, were serfounty injured by a wall falling upon them. It is estimated that the total loss will foot up felly \$40,000. The origin of the fire is a mystery. the fire is a mystery.

flordentown, N. J., Sept. 4.—The Birkhead hesiery mill at leverly, together with the machinery, was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is \$10,000.

A NEW LINE TO THE WEST,

THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO SAID TO HAVE MADE

A COMBINATION WITH THE READING. Philadelphia, Sept. 4 (Special).-There is but one subject discussed in railroad circles to-day, the new oute of the Baltimore and Ohio from the West to lialtimore, Philadelphia and New-York, which those in ugh the aid of the Reading. They say that when the Bultimore and Ohio ran its trains over the Penn ylvania, before its Philadelphia extension was built the gross traffic between Philadelphia and New-York amounted to a large sum; but within a year or two. owing to the lack of connections, it has been very As the company will throw all the business it can over the line, in order to make the Philadelphia branch show a profit and to support the extensive ter-minals on Staten Island, the belief is that in the next few years the business will increase several times over

In Third Street railroad men say that the Pennsylcanta Railroad will not offer serious opposition to the imore and Ohio attempted to get through, two years make things lively," and a rate cutting war was "make things lively," and a rate-cutting war was promised. Robert Garrett was smarring under a series of defeats by the Pennsylvania, and the indications favored a desperate fight as soon as his road reached New York. It was to avoid this fight and the accompanying destruction of revenue that the Pennsylvania strove to keep the Baltimore and Ohio out. But now that these conditions are changed, the Pennsylvania Baltroad is said to regard the Baltimore and Ohio and its connection with comparative indifference.

BRITISH DEFENCES ON THE PACIFIC COAST. Chicago, Sept. 4.—A special from Ottawa, Ontario, says: "One of the objects of the visit of the Deputy Minister of Marine, William Smith, to the Pacific Coast is to expedite the strengthening of the coast defencesof that province. It appears that the Imperial Government, in conjunction with that of Canada, is about

pellsville and Lackawanna Railroad is in the hands of the sheriff of Steuben County. The Central Construction Company, under George D. Chapman as general manager, have been running the road since it was opened, in January, and the trouble of the road has een brought about by the creditors of the Construction ompany, who attached the receipts and property of the latter company. The last train on the road was run yesterday, to Hornellsville, when the property was seized. The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, by which the Rochester, Hornellsville and Lackawanna Road connects with the Lackawanna and Pittsburg Road, has ordered all its cars returned at once. Several month eack pay is due the employes of the Rochester, Hornellsville and Lackawanna, who threaten to strike next Monday if they are not paid in the meantime. The seizure of the road will probably result in the emoval of Chapman from its management. Chapman. owever, asserts that his contract allows him to run the oad until it is completed, which will be several months

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 4.-The last rall on the Red-River Valley road, now the Manitoba and Northern Pa-

eiffe, was laid to the city limits yesterday afternoon.

Sieux City, Iewa, Sept. 4. As a result of the recent
refusal of the Illinois Central and other reads to give refusal of the Illinois Central and other roads to give Sloux City an approximate rate, permitting competition with St. Paul in Sioux City territory, Sloux City business men will carry their cases to the Interstate Commission. A meeting of jobbers was held yesterday with this end in view. The jobbers will prosecute the case.

Chicage, Sept. 4.—A meeting of the managers of the Southwestern Missouri River roads was held to-day at the office of Chairman Midgley, for the purpose of reorganizing the Southwestern Freight Association on an improved plan.

The object of the reorganization is to bring all the interest-el roads into one agreement. The Chicago, Milwausee and St. Paul, and the Chicago, Santa Fe and California meeting, and are in favor of any arrangement looking to-ward a settlement of the rate disturbances in the Southwest and the establishment of harmony between the roads en-gaged in competitive Missouri River business. After considerable discussion a committee of fifteen was appointed

The East-bourd shipments of flour, grain and provisions by the foats in the Central Trans Association like we argregated 15,203 tons, against 59,803 tons for the pre-cling week, and against 25,075 tons for the corresponding week of 1887. The three Vanderbill lines carried 51.7 per cent of all the business, the two Pennsylvania lines 28.7 per cent; Grand Trunk 11.1; Baltimore and Onlo 8.0; Bug

Philadelphia, Sept. 4 (Special) -Following upon the improvements of its main and branch lines, the Reading Railroad management began today to entarge its repair shops at Port Richmond, to relieve the pressure upon its Reading car shops, which are crowded with ne After the completion of these improvements, the Port Richmond shops will be used for repair work on cars belonging to other companies, as well as for the Reading Company's rolling stock.

A MISCHEANT IN THE GARB OF A MINISTER. Chicago, Sept. 4.-A morning paper says: The Rev. James S. Greene, nearly eighty years of age, and former rector of St. Matthew's Reformed Episcopal horch on Larrabce-st., was evicted from the Grand

Pacific Hotel last night, where he occupied elegant quarters with an innocent bride, on the charge of bigamy preferred against him by a legal wife who left ion a short time ago in fear of her life. For over uslf a century a minster of the Gospel, if the best evi-tence is true, he has between family prayers, during

VERMONT ANSWERS OREGON.

THE FREE TRADE DEMOCRACY BURIED OUT OF SIGHT.

CLEVELAND'S "WALK OVER" WILL NOT BEGIN IN THE GREEN MOUNTAIN STATE-LARGE REPUBLICAN GAINS ON THE VOTE OF FOUR YEARS AGO-A MAJORITY FOR DILLINGHAM ABOVE \$6,000.

184 TRLEGRAPH TO THE TRIBENE.1

Burlington, Sept. 4.—The "star that never

s' in the political horizon of the Union shines brighter than ever to-night over the brilliant Republican victory won in the State election to-day by Dillingham and Woodbury, and the whole State, Congressional and county tickets, This sweeping triumph of the Vermont Republicans over the free-trade Democracy is a most emphatic indorsement of Harrison, Morton and protection. The State has gone Republican by a largely increased majority over that given Gubernatorial ticket in 1884, and the Senate will probably be solidly Republican.

The efforts exerted by the Administration

through its hundreds of office-holders to rally the Democratic voters to the polls, and thereby secure an indersement of the Free Trade policy of the the election is a sharp rebuke to England and the Solid South. The freemen of Vermont have in and High sts., and then to the Burlington House and this election recorded their verdict on the tariff issue unmistakably in favor of protection to American industries. The wool-growers of Addison County, the marble-workers of Rutland County, the employes in the woollen mills of Bennington County, the lumbermen of Essex, Orleans and Lamoille counties, the granite workers of Washington County, and the farmers and wage-carners of agricultural and industrial Vermont have responded at the ballot-box to the President's tariff message and Judge Thurman's free-trade arguments, half million of sheep upon the hillsides of Vermont send greeting to the 3,000,000 sheep that voted for protection in Oregon last June. The rout of the Democracy in the Green Moun-

tain State is complete and thorough. The party

is not only buried under an avalanche of Republican ballots in the State at large, but it is dethrened from power in a number of local strongholds. Franklin County has been redeemed by the Republicans, and elects three Senators by a handsome majority. In 1884 the regular Repub Senatorial ticket was in Franklin County by majorities ranging from 395 to 639. Three Democratic Senators were elected in 1886. Powell, (Dem.) defeated Giddings 'regular Republican' by 189 This year the Democrats and bolting Republicans fused on a "Citizens" ticket, and renominated two Democrats and one bolter for Senators. The Republican Senatorial ticket is Albans. His associates on the ticket are W. H. Giddings, of Bakersfield, and El R. Bell, of Franklin, Colonel Stranahan was handsomely indorsed by St. Albans, receiving 1,000 votes out to the Senate from Franklin County is assured by at least 1,500 majority. Messrs. Giddings and Bell are also elected by good majorities.

The Republicans have redeemed Rutland and Burlington and several other large towns and be elected Representatives from many towns which went Democratic in 1884. The city of Burlington elected a Democratic went Democratic in 1884. The city of Burlington elected a Democratic Representative in 1884 and also in 1886, but this year the Republicans made a gullant fight and sent Henry Ballard to the House by 195 majority. The city gave Redington, Democratic candidate for Governor, in 1884, a majority of 47. This year the city has been redeemed and gives Dillingham, Republican candidate for Governor, 366 majority by 1884 and 1888 and Horar the Labor jority. Rutland in 1886 sent Hogan, the Labor party nominee, to the House by 600 majority. The majority for Field, the Republican candidate to have surveys made of the harbor of San Juan and the Straits of Fuca, through which runs the boundary line between the United States and the British possessions on the Pacific coast. Her Majesty's ship Carolina, now in Pacific waters, has been ordered to San Juan, having on board Mr. Whaton, hydrographer of the Royal Navy, specially sent out for this purpose by the Lords of the Admiralty at Whitehall. Captain Deveroux, the superintendent of the Equimault Graving Dock, and the Deputy Minister of Marine will proceed to San Juan for a similar purpose. The latter is specially instructed to ascertain whether the harbor at Sun Juan, if fortified, would control the ement. San Juan, if fortified, would control the ement of a breakwater, and also a point of defences.

AN UNFINISHED RAHLROAD IN DIFFICULTY. Eimira, N. Y., Sept. 4 (Special).—The Rochester, Hornelistile and Lackawanna Rallroad is in the hands of the sterriff of Steuben County. The Rochester, Hornelistile and Lackawanna Rallroad is in the hands of the sterriff of Steuben County. The Ventral Construct of the strategic advantages of the strategic advantages of the straigle and Lackawanna Rallroad is in the hands of the sterriff of Steuben County. The Ventral Construct of the straigle and Lackawanna Rallroad is in the hands of the sterriff of Steuben County. The Ventral Construction of Market Properties and the Properties of the straigle and Lackawanna Rallroad is in the hands of the sterriff of Steuben County. The Ventral Construction of Market Properties and the Properties of the straigle and Lackawanna Rallroad is in the hands of the sterriff of Steuben County. The Ventral Construction of Market Properties and the Properties of the Steuben County and the Properties of the Steuben County and the Properties of the Ste Parker, of Andover. Windham County, A. A. Butterfield, of Whitingham; Sidney Holmes, of

THE VOICE FROM THE BALLOT BOX.

ALL THE TOWNS HEARD FROM SHOW REMARK-Montpeller, Vt., Sept. 4 (Special).-Vermont was expected to come to the front to-day with a good rousing Republican gain on the State ticket, and it seems certain that she has come forward in a manner to justify all outside expectations. Up to this hour very few towns outside of this county have been leard from, except on the vote for the town Reprethe Representative tickets, twenty-one towns report

a gain of 43 per cent over the vote of four years ago. The vote in each town on the State ticket almost invariably runs ahead of the vote on the Representative ticket, and it is almost certain that this rate of increase will be raised. On a basis of a gain of even 43 per cent, the Republican majority will be over 30,000. It seems certain that the Republican candidate for Governor

will have been nearer 30,000 than 25,000. Montpeller gave 347 majority for the Republican andidate for Governor. Probably not a town in this

ounty will go Democratic on the State ticket. White River Junction, Vt., Sept. 4 .- Returns from thirty-five towns give Dillingham (Rep.) 9,434; Shurt-

The Republican gain over 1884 is 1,355. Net gain, 62. Republican gain, 16 per cent. The Demotic less, as compared with 1884, is 212, showing a of 6 per cent. The Prohibition loss is 30, or 11 cratic less, as compared who tested, it is 30, or 11 per cent. The Prohibition loss is 30, or 11 per cent. Net Republican gain, 22 per cent. Returns from 10\(\text{town}\) towns give Dillingham (Rep.) 25,375; Shurtleff (Dem.), 9.849; Seely (Pro.), 615; scattering a. The same towns in 1884 gave tengree (Rep.) 22,105; Redington (Dem.), 9.409; Stone (Pro.) and scattering, 472. Gains over vote of 1884; Republican, 3,209; Bernocratic, 350; Prohibitionist, etc., 151. Net Fepublican gain over Democratic vote, 2,850; over all, 2,708.

VERMONT SENDS GREETING TO NEW-YORK. Brattleboro, Vt., Sept. 4 (Special).-The largest Republican vote ever cast in this town. Vermont Republicans send greeting to their brethren in N. York. LEVI K. FULLER, Lieutenant-Governor

JOHN CHINAMAN NOT WANTED IN THAT TOWN Helena, Mont., Sept. 4 (special). There are more than 500 Chinamen in Helena, and there is no disposigood many consider them an unbearable nuisance, but the quarantine law has never been enforced against them. A new suburban town is rapidly being built up around the new smelter, some five miles east of Helena, and its citizens have already determined that the Mongolian must be barred out. Two Chinamen the Mongolian must be barred out. Two Chinamen endeavored to establish a laundry in the little village yesterday. As soon as their presence became known a committee waited upon them and requested them to move on, at the same time gently intimating that, it they ever came back, harsher measures might be used. The two Johns considerately left, but laid the matter before the authorities, who promised them protection. There is likely to be trouble if they attempt to force themselves in.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 4.—The State Board of Equalization held its first session to-day. Three members dence is true, he has between family prayers, during which he fell over with intexteation, been not only addicted to the inevitable minor vices, but has been a forger, a State's prison convict, three times divorced from wives, who have died of insanity and broken hearts and has married six women. and in personal property of \$10,713,414, the latter in-

crease being almost wholly in New-York. Twenty-four counties show decreased valuations and the remainder increased valuations. The g-eatest increase, \$60,000,000, is in New-York, and the greatest decrease, \$85,000, in Alleghany.

TWO WELL-KNOWN SPORTSMEN MURDERED THEIR LIFELESS AND PLUNDERED BODIES

FOUND ON A LONELY WYOMING PLAIN. Philadelphia, Sept. 4 (Special).—The family of S forris Waln, of this city, received a letter to-day from the District-Attorney of Stillwater County. Wyoming Territory, giving the details of the murde of Mr. Waln and Charles Livingstone Strong, of New-York, his travelling companion, near that place, by persons as yet unknown. The letters stated that the bodies were found a short distance from Rock Springs by hunters who were stalking game. The bodies of the young men bore evidence of foul dealing. It is supposed that they had encamped for the night, and that during their sleep the assassins stole upon them. stunned them with blows from some sharp instrument. probably a hatchet, and then beat out what little life remained in them. A cock who had accompanied Mr. Waln and his friend was missing, while the horses and wagon and all the camp utensils had disappeared, to- failure, gether with all the valuables, money, watches, etc., belonging to the dead men. The District-Attorney also writes that he has a clew to the murderers, and

hopes to arrest them in a few days. 8. Morris Waln was the nephew of the late Edward Wain, and comes of one of the most prominent families in this city. Although only twenty-nine years old, he was a man of fine attainments, and some time ago did not devote himself to his profession, however. but, being of a roving disposition, spent considerable time in hunting in the far West. He was a conspicuous figure at the meets of the Rose-tree hunt, and
was acknowledged to be one of the best steeplechaseriders in the country. He was also a member of the
Germaniown Cricket Club, and rode several winning
horses at the races of the City Troop. Mr. Wain and
Mr. Strong had been in the habit of passing months
on the plains, and this year they left in May for Fort
Worth, Tex., taking sufficient money to last them six
months. A brother of Mr. Wain started for the West
to-day, and will send the bodies of both men to their
homes. time in hunting in the far West. He was a conspic-

Two of the best known men in town bearing that name are William L. Strong, the dry-goods merchant, and Theron G. Strong, the lawyer. Both are out of town, and on inquiring at their respective houses it was found that they had no relative answering the description of Charles Livingstone Strong.

"THE FATTEST WOMAN IN THE WORLD" DEAD. Baltimore, Sept. 4 (Special) .- Winnie Johnsen, the pounds, died here last night at a boarding-house, the doorways of which had been specially enlarged for her benefit. She was called "Big Winnie," and she had been exhibiting as "The Fattest Woman in the World for the last ten years. Fatty degeneration of the heart caused her death. She was born in Kentucky, and as a child gave no signs of attaining any unusual size. At the early age of fifteen, she married a man of her own race by the name of Johnson. When she was about twenty years of age she began to grow large, and as every year added to her age so it in a baggage car fitted up for her accommodation, as she could not pass through the door of an ordinary coffin was five feet eleven inches in length, three cofin was five feet cloven incres in length, three feet eight inches in width, and three feet two inches deep, seven men had plenty of room to stand in it. The room in which the woman died is in the rear of a store and the show window had to be removed so that the huge coffin and its weighty contents could be heisted through by a derrick. The fourteen strong men who acted as pall-bearers had all they could do to shove the dead glantess into her final resting place.

PUTTING UP THE PRICE OF COAL IN ST. LOUIS. St. Louis, Sept. 4. The Consolidated Coal Company, of St. Louis, controlling the majority of the bituminous coal mines within a radius of fifty miles of the city and even greater distances, on Saturday advanced

been arrested and lodged in jail here, charged with the heavy robbery of E. Crayston's jewelry store at the bridge three weeks ago. The evidence is given by a woman who became angry at Hawkins because he called in a. officer to compel her to return a gold watch that he had given her, and thereupon she pro-duced two valuable rings, stolen from Crayston's store, and stated that Hawkins and Upton were the thieves.

CONVENTION OF THE CHURCH OF CHRIST. Troy, N. Y., Sept. 4.—The State Convention of the Church of Christ was opened in this city to-day. Addresses were made this afternoon by the Rev. E. B. Tyler, of New-York, on "The Present State of the Union Movement," and by the Rev. C. R. Gault, of Syracuse, on "The Difficulties of Pastoral Work in the Cities." The convention will continue through the week, closing on Sunday.

NO TRACE OF POISON IN MR. HAMMOND'S BODY. To satisfy the demand for an autopsy on the body of the Rev. William Hammond, fernerly of Brooklyn, who in view of suspicions of poisoning, the body was take from the receptacle in the main receiving vault in Green wood Cemetery and subjected to a post-mortem examina-tion yesterday. Coroner Vanderveer, of Long Branch; the Long Island College Hospital, in Brooklyn, accopanied Coroner Rooney to Greenwood, and the autopay was made in the receiving vault.

Dr. Van Cots conducted the operation. He found the heart enlarged and flabby, with a large amount of fat, and the physicians present agreed that fatty degeneration of the heart could have caused death. The smaller intestines were also convested from the action of the nine cathartic pills which Mr. Hammen's took shortly before his death. There was nothing to show any trace of poison, but the stomach and part of the intestines were scaled up in glass jars for analysis, if needed. Coroner Vanderveer will lay he facts before the District-Attorney of Monmouth

THE HIPPOPOTAMUS MUST WAIT. The Board of Estimate yesterday appropriated #12,000 for salaries in the Excise Department for August. A reso-Education. The Park Department got #2,500 to survey the eighth-st, preparatory to sinking them, but the application of that department for #2,500 to build a new house for the hippepotamus in Centril Park met with the Mayor's decided opposition. "That," he said, "would give the newspapers a fine chance at us. A house to cost #2,500 for a hippopotamus, while plenty of people live in shan-ties!" The request was denied.

VALUATIONS OF NEW-JERSEY PROPERTY. The Hudson County Tax Commissioners of New-Jersey have fixed the ratables for the coming fiscal year, which

15.578.000 7.025.700 2.008.302 2.363.250 1.882.050 1.487.350 402.625 2.2-5.250 1.880.815 2.052.800 102,050

Total \$102.259,349 \$7,000,417 \$110,252,704 the Capitol." Mr. Vest's criticism was that an

PRICE THREE CENTS.

RETALIATION DISCUSSED. CLEVELAND'S "POLICY" DISSECTED BY HITT

DEMOCRATIC "STAGE THUNDER" EXPOSED -M'CREARY'S WEARISOME SPEECH-A PAIN-FUL LACK OF DEMOCRATIC INTEREST-THE PRESIDENT FISHING FOR

> VOTES. THE THE SGRAPH TO THE TRIBENS.

Washington, Sept. 4 .- When Acting Chairman McCreary, of the Foreign Affairs Committee, rose behind a big pile of manuscript to-day to open the debate in the House on the Retaliation bill nearly ene-fifth of the Democratic Representatives were in their seats. There were not so many when he sat down, A painful lack of Democratic interest in the measure was apparent. All the enthusiasm, real or simulated, with which the Retaliation mes sage was hailed when it appeared has evaporated, and the partisans of the Administration seem fully to realize that that campaign dodge was a flat

Before the debate began Chairman Belmont showed symptoms of extreme nervousness and he watched McCreary, who stood guard over the big pile of manuscript, and kept an eye on William I. Scott who sat near him. The Democratic members of Foreign Affeirs had come to the conclusion that Scott needed careful watching to prewas admitted to practice at the Philadelphia bar. He vent him from capturing the bill and making off with it. At least McCreary rose and was recognized. He buttoned his coat tightly across his ample chest, thrust one hand into his bosom, struck a Henry Clay attitude, opened his mouth and almost immediately " put his foot in it." He declared that President Cleveland had assumed " & firm and courageous attitude" and that his Free-Trade message and Retaliation message will wander down the corridors of time linked together like Siamese twins and "never be forgotten." coupling of the two documents was unfortunate for Mr. McCreary as he discovered after Mr. Hitb The Kentuckian's speech was began his reply little else than a spiritless, tame and cold rehash of the message and was wearisome in the extreme. Mr. McCreary did not bore the House with argument, but treated it to some trite and superficial historical observations, and some rather startling prepositions in logic. For example, his examination of the act of 1873 and the joint resolargest colored woman in this country, weighing 849 lution of 1883 had convinced him that the authors of those measures had Article XXIX of the Treaty of Washington before them and " therefore" that article " fell" when Congress directed President Arthur to give notice of the termination of Articles XVIII to XXV and Article XXX of the Treaty. The few Democrats present sat in gloomy silence during the delivery of McCreary's speech, but they rewarded him with a round of applause when he sat down. SHARP THRUSTS BY MR. HITT.

There was a visible increase of interest when

Mr. Hitt rose to continue the debate. The sub-

ject is one with which he is thoroughly familiar,

and his experience in the State Department and

the diplomatic service has given him an insight into such questions which enables him to make them interesting. In his speech to-day he thoroughly dissected the Administration " policy" in regard to the Fisheries controversy from the beginning, and was repeatedly applauded by the Republicans. Mr. Hitt declared that it was gratifying to find that the President at last had assumed the attitude of an American-even if only under the stress of a political campaign emergency -and that he has abandoned, at least temporarily. the policy of offering to pay for rights which the coal mines within a radius of fifty miles of the city and even greater distances, on Saturday advanced the price of coal 1-2 cent on standard grade, and I cent on higher grades. The Coal Exchange met yesterday and made a similar advance, one month earlier than is customary. It is understood that the regular winter advance of 1 cent will be added on October 1. The Bryden Coal and Coke Company, the only independent concern of any importance in the St. Louis coal trade, will make a like advance to the request of the milners for githerease of wages, and that their requests will be granted.

MRS. KEAN'S SANITY TO BE TESTED.

Lockport, N. Y., Sept. 4 (Special).—Mrs. Tom Kean, widow of the Editor of "The Buffalo Courier," who was arrested last week, charged by her father, H. M. Lymburner, with setting fire to his house at Lasalle, was released on \$1,000 ball to-day. Her surety was Edward Hayes, a wealthy Buffalo contractor, and her counsel was Judge Brundage, of Buffalo, Judge Haight sent her to Dr. Granger, of the Buffalo Insane Asylum, who will decide as to her sanity. The party went to Buffalo to-day.

ARREST OF TWO JEWELRY THIEVES, Lockport, N. Y., Sept. 4 (Special).—Thomas Hawkins and Edward Upton, of Suspension Bridge, have been arrested and lodged in jail here, charged with the heavy robbery of E. Crayston's jewelry store at the heavy robbery of E. Crayston's jewelry store at the fire of the price of the price of the price of the proposed treating adown to the time of the time of the time of the time of the same, discovering any down to the time of the treaty is dead, to be sure, but it has left on record some most damaging admissions from the Executive Department of the Government. The Democratic party in and out of Congress had applauded and defended the proposed treaty in and out of Congress had applauded and voted for a bill to reaty to the require the treaty is dead, to be sure, but it that the perpendent to the Government. The Democratic party in and out of Congress had applauded and voted for a bill to r United States had asserted from the beginning down to the time of the attempted free-trade on the United States, if it chose to assert its rights. The authority the President asked he possessed already, for the Retaliation act gave him enormous power by which he might exclude not only Canadian vessels from our ports and Canadian

coormous power by which he might exclude not only Canadian vessels from our ports and Canadian products from our country, but any goods coming from Canada of foreign production.

He commented on the fact that the President in his message laid stress on the enlargement of his power to stop traffic in bond. The practical result of an interruption of traffic in bond would hurt the people of the United States materially, especially the people of the great Northwest. To prevent the tendency of the people to press in sympathy into the mighty American empirowas the effort of every Canadian statesman, and the provinces had been bound together by costly and unprofitable railroads. Stop the transit in bond and those roads would be overflowing with business. The President had used the words, visiting on the offending parties. Stop the transit in bond and the offending parties. Stop the transit in bond and the offending parties would be rewarded and the hurbors of Halifax and St. Johns would be turned into prosperous centres of new life and wealth. The people of the Northwest would be hurt if, of all the methods of retaliation at his disposal, the President should be so injudicious as to select this one. He would take away the competition of the Canadian lines and would make the trank lines master of the situation, and they would be able to dictate such terms as they pleased to the producers of the Northwest. It would not be long before, in other and better hands, an Administration would take the matter up and bring it to a satisfactory, just and honorable conclusion. He hoped that when men ceased to regard Presidents' messages as campaign documents and electioneering devices the question would be soived permanently, for the manifest good of both parties, and the permanent peace of both nations (Applause).

Mr. Phelps and Mr. Belmont will speak on the

Mr. Phelps and Mr. Belmont will speak on the

MR. BLAIR LAYS OUT MR. REAGAN THE TEXAN OVERCOME AT EVERY POINT-REA

GAN'S VERACITY ESTABLISHED. Washington, Sept. 4 (Special).-Mr. Reagan. of Texas, has managed in the short time that he as been a member of the United States Senate to make himself an unmitigated nuisance. Though lacking all the essential qualities of . necessful speaker or effective debater, he never hesitates a moment to give the country the benefit of his views on every conceivable subject. Nearly fifty years of feeding at the public crib have only made him callous to the sufferings of others, as he persists daily in inflicting torture upon those who feel in duty bound to listen to his speeches. It was, therefore, not without . feeling of satisfaction that the Senate saw Mr. Reagan "turned down" to-day by Mr. Blair, of New-Hampshire. The whole thing was done so quickly, so neatly, so effectively, that Mr. Reagan required an hour, almost, before he recovered from his astonishment and then the debate had drifted

into another field, and beyond his reach, as it were. The Senat been indulging for some time, in an aimless sort of way, in a political debate covering a great variety of subjects, but brought about, it seems, by the rather impudent strictures of Senator Vest regarding an excellent publication compiled by Captain McKee, the assistant of the Senate Librarian, and entitled: "Protection Echoes From